

# Fire Risk Assessment of

## The Rifle Range Bohams Road Blewbury Didcot Chilton OX11 9HF

Carried out : 16<sup>th</sup> September 2025

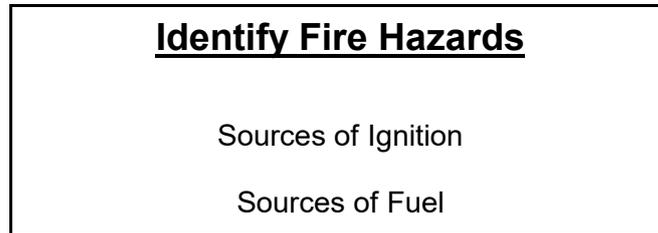
Assessor : Colin Powney MIFSM

Review Assessment Due : September 2026

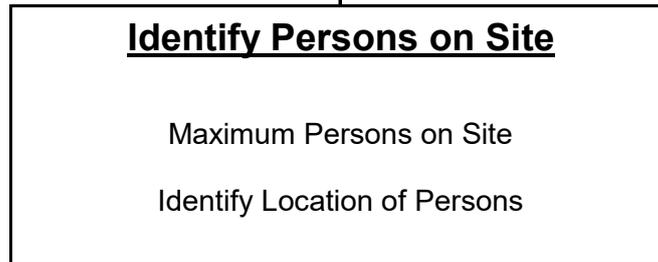


# Fire Risk Assessment Flow Chart

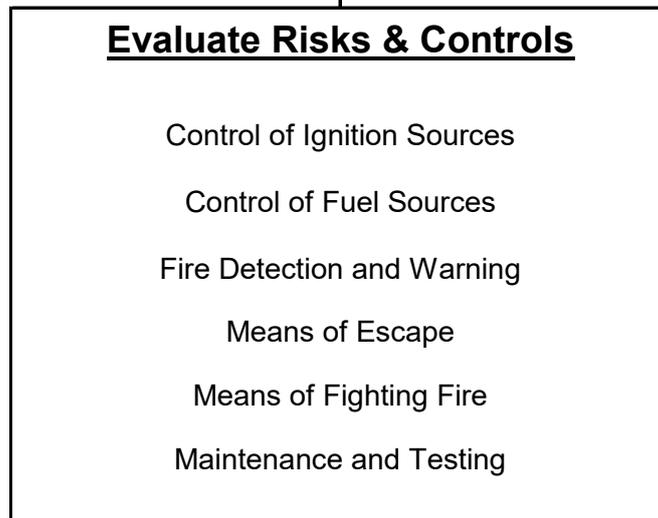
Step 1



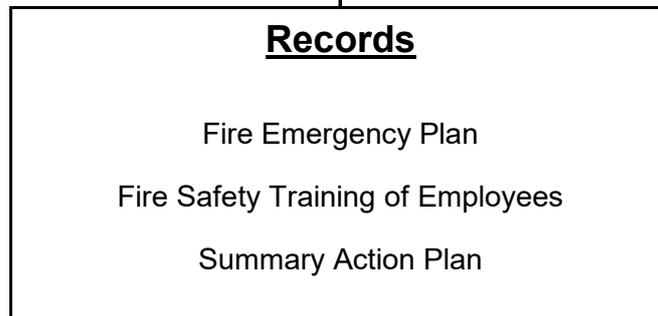
Step 2



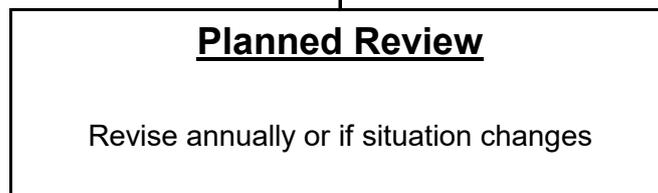
Step 3



Step 4



Step 5



# General Information

<b>Responsible Person :</b>	Dyson Farming Ltd
<b>Designated Person :</b>	James Dawson - Estates Surveyor
<b>Address of Premises :</b>	The Rifle Range, Bohams Road, Blewbury, Didcot, Chilton, OX11 9HF
<b>Overall Risk Profile :</b>	Ciii 2
<b>Assessor :</b>	Colin Powney MIFSM
<b>Date of FRA :</b>	16th September 2025

## Premises Information

<b>Number of floors in building (including basements)</b>	1 - Ground
<b>Approximate floor area (m2)</b>	125 m <sub>2</sub>
<b>Brief details of construction</b>	Concrete Framed Building With Wooden Cladding & Sheet Roof
<b>Primary Usage</b>	Holiday Let (4 Bedroom)
<b>Secondary Usage</b>	None
<b>Provisions for Fire Brigade</b>	Access : Off Bohams Road Fire Hydrant : Unable To Locate Main Gas Shut Off : N/A - No Gas Emergency Premises Information : N/A
<b>Fire History</b>	None Advised

The fire risk profile is a combination of the occupancy characteristics and the fire growth rate. This is calculated using the table below.

### Occupancy Characteristics

	Description	Examples
<b>A</b>	Occupants who are awake and familiar with the building	Offices, Schools and Industrial Premises
<b>B</b>	Occupants who are awake and unfamiliar with the building	Shops, exhibitions, museums, leisure centres and other assembly buildings
<b>C</b>	Occupants who are likely to be asleep:	
<b>Ci</b>	Long-term individual occupancy	Individual flats without 24h maintenance and management control on site
<b>Cii</b>	Long-term managed occupancy	Serviced flats, halls of residence, sleeping areas of boarding schools
<b>Ciii</b>	Short-term occupancy	Hotels
<b>D</b>	Occupants receiving Medical Care	Hospitals, residential care facilities

### Fire Growth Rates

Category	Fire growth rate	Fire growth parameter $\text{kJ/s}^3$	Description	Typical examples
<b>1</b>	Slow	0.003	Evenly distributed low level fire load, small discrete packets of fuel or material of limited combustibility	Reception areas, concourses (without concession outlets) and halls with limited fire load such as sports stadia and foyers
<b>2</b>	Medium	0.012	Evenly distributed low to mid-level fire load comprising of a mix of combustible materials	Offices, lounges, classrooms, auditoria, seating areas, galleries and car parks
<b>3</b>	Fast	0.047	Stacked combustibles (on or off racking and shelving but excluding high rack storage), some small quantities of materials other than materials of limited combustibility (or where larger quantities are stored in separate fire resisting enclosures), process, manufacturing or storage of combustible materials	Shop sales areas, workshops, factories and small storage buildings
<b>4</b>	Ultra-fast	0.188	Medium to large quantities of materials other than materials of limited combustibility, high racked storage, flammable liquids and gases or where rapid uncontrolled fire growth could occur	Warehousing, processing plants and car parks utilizing a car stacker or similar method where there is no fire separation between stacked cars

**FIRE RISK ASSESSMENT**

**STEP 1- IDENTIFY HAZARDS**

1.1	Sources of Ignition	YES/NO	LOCATION
1	Hot processes (grinding, cutting)	NO	
2	Naked flames (e.g. welding, cooking, boilers)	YES	Wood Burner - Kitchen / Diner
3	Machinery (e.g. motors, bearings, belts)	NO	
4	Ventilation obstructions	NO	
5	Faulty or misused electrical equipment (e.g. multipoint adapters, damaged sockets, wiring appliances)	NO	
6	Unprotected electrical extension leads	NO	
7	Light bulbs/fluorescent tubes near combustible materials	NO	
8	Static electricity	NO	
9	Smoking (cigarettes, matches)	NO	
10	Arson	NO	
11	Any other potential source of ignition	YES	Air Source Heat Pump - External Electrical Appliances - Throughout Electric Cooker - Kitchen / Diner Toaster - Kitchen / Diner
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	-----		
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## FIRE RISK ASSESSMENT

### STEP 1- IDENTIFY HAZARDS

1.2	Sources of Fuel Combustible Materials	YES/NO	LOCATION
1	Any buildings in close proximity which could affect or be affected by a possible fire	NO	
2	Wood (extensive storage/use of)	YES	Wooden Cladding - Structure Wood (For Wood Burner) - Lounge
3	Storage or use of paper, card, plastic, polyurethane e.g. 3.1 Packaging 3.2 Stationery	NO NO	
4	Accumulated combustible raw materials	NO	
5	Congested storage area	NO	
6	Flammable gases (LPG, acetylene, oxygen) 6.1 Bulk 6.2 Cylinders 6.3 Natural Gas	NO NO NO	
7	Flammable liquids (paints, solvents, spirits, petrol, paraffin) 7.1 Bulk 7.2 Portable containers	NO NO	
8	Fuel Oil 8.1 For plant 8.2 For vehicles	NO NO	
9	Accumulated waste materials (e.g. paper shavings, off-cuts, packaging, waste oil, waste chemicals) 9.1 Internal 9.2 External	NO NO	
10	Dust, powdered ingredients	NO	
11	Any other combustible materials	YES	Furnishings etc - Throughout
12	Any substances which could cause harm to the environment if involved in a possible fire	NO	



**FIRE RISK ASSESSMENT - Carried Out 16.09.2025**

STEP 3 - RISK EVALUATION AND CONTROL		Y/N/NA	Existing Records	Adeq? Y or N	Risk H/M/L	Action Required / Risk Details
NO	ITEM					
	<b><u>Control of Ignition Sources</u></b>					<b>This fire risk assessment is based on the information provided.</b>
1	An adequate permit to work system is in use for any hot works, which details necessary precautions, including external contractors.	Y	No Hot Works	Y	L	<b>Contractors are required to provide a risk assessment and method statement for any hot works.</b>
1.1	The hot works area is inspected at a ½ hour and 1 hour intervals after completion of task.	N/A		Y	L	
2	Are other naked flames in use (e.g. heaters, cookers, ovens, boilers, toasters, fat fryers, shrink wrap tunnels, high intensity lighting).	Y	Wood Burner	Y	L	<b>The use of candles should be prohibited.</b>
2.1	A suitable shut down procedure is in place for gas appliances.	N/A		Y	L	
3	Planned maintenance (especially motors, bearings, flues, ventilation ducts).					
3.1	A system exists and includes inspection and cleaning.	Y	Chimney Sweeping - Wood Burner	Y	L	<b>Wood burner new - Aug 2025. Once 12 months old the chimney (wood burner) should be swept on a regular basis (annually), with records being kept.</b>
3.2	Is followed records are kept.	Y		Y	L	<b>See 3.3.1</b>

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STEP 3 - RISK EVALUATION AND CONTROL		Y/N/NA	Existing Records	Adeq? Y or N	Risk H/M/L	Action Required / Risk Details
NO	ITEM					
4	New and replacement machinery and services are designed to minimise risk of fire and explosion.	Y		Y	L	
	<b>Electricity</b>					
5	All fuses and circuit breakers are correct and suitable for intended use.	Y		Y	L	
5.1	Power points are overloaded.	N		Y	L	
5.2	There are signs of damage to electrical equipment.	N		Y	L	
5.3	Appropriate suppression systems exist for static electricity.	N/A		Y	L	
5.4	Suitable limitation on management of trailing leads and adaptors.	N/A		Y	L	
5.5	A policy exists regarding the use of personal electrical appliances.	N/A		Y	L	
5.6	Portable electrical appliances are correctly tested regularly.	Y	Completed Aug 2025	Y	L	
5.7	Electrical installation condition report has been completed within the last 5 years.	Y	Completed July 2025 (Label Seen Only)	Y	L	
	<b>Smoking</b>					
6	A policy exists clearly defining designated smoking areas and prohibition elsewhere.	Y		Y	L	<b>Smoking ban enforced.</b>
6.1	Is smoking permitted in appropriate areas.	N	Externally	Y	L	

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STEP 3 - RISK EVALUATION AND CONTROL		Y/N/NA	Existing Records	Adeq? Y or N	Risk H/M/L	Action Required / Risk Details
NO	ITEM					
7	All potential ignition sources are left in a safe condition at the end of shifts and working day.	N/A		Y	L	
8	Security of the site is adequate to prevent arson or vandalism at any time.	Y		Y	L	
9	Any other potential sources of ignition identified in step 1.1 (item 11) are under adequate control.  Having considered the above ignition sources can any be:	Y	Air Source Heat Pump Electrical Appliances Electric Cooker Toaster	Y	L	
9.1	Eliminated.  or	N		Y	L	
9.2	Substituted by a safer alternative.  Give details in the Action Required column.	N		Y	L	
	<b>Lightning</b>					
10	Does the building have a lightning protection system.	N		N	M	<b>Recommend surge protection is fitted to the electrical system.</b>
10.1	The lightning protection system is inspected on a regular basis, with records being kept.	N/A		Y	L	

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<b>STEP 3 - RISK EVALUATION AND CONTROL</b>		<b>Y/N/NA</b>	<b>Existing Records</b>	<b>Adeq?</b>	<b>Risk</b>	<b>Action Required / Risk Details</b>
<b>NO</b>	<b>ITEM</b>			<b>Y or N</b>	<b>H/M/L</b>	
	<b><u>Control of Fuel Sources</u></b>					
<b>11</b>	All fuel sources are handled, transported, stored and used properly.	<b>Y</b>		<b>Y</b>	<b>L</b>	
<b>12</b>	Highly flammable substances are:					
<b>12.1</b>	Kept in fire resistant stores or cabinets in the work areas.	<b>N/A</b>		<b>Y</b>	<b>L</b>	
<b>12.2</b>	They are adequately separated.	<b>N/A</b>		<b>Y</b>	<b>L</b>	
<b>13</b>	The building structure is non-flammable or has been treated to reduce flame spread.	<b>Y</b>		<b>Y</b>	<b>L</b>	
<b>14</b>	Standards of housekeeping are good and do not permit build-up of flammable materials.	<b>Y</b>		<b>Y</b>	<b>L</b>	
<b>15</b>	Waste storage areas are adequate and are regularly cleared to prevent spread of combustible materials.	<b>Y</b>		<b>Y</b>	<b>L</b>	
<b>16</b>	During non-working hours, doors, windows, and other openings are closed and ventilation systems are shut down.	<b>N/A</b>		<b>Y</b>	<b>L</b>	



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STEP 3 - RISK EVALUATION AND CONTROL		Y/N/NA	Existing Records	Adeq? Y or N	Risk H/M/L	Action Required / Risk Details
NO	ITEM					
	<b><u>Fire Detection and Warning</u></b>					
18	There are no parts of the premises where fire could spread undetected and therefore require a detection system.	N	BS5839-Part 6 (Grade D1 - LD1) Detection	Y	L	
19	Remote transmission of alarm signals to a monitoring station or other.	N		Y	L	
20	The fire alarm warning system can be heard throughout all parts of the site when operated from any single point.	Y		Y	L	
20.1	Operation of the fire alarm system is tested regularly from different call points.	N		N	M	<b>The fire alarms should be tested on each change of guests, with records being kept.</b>
20.2	Call points are easily accessible.	Y		Y	L	
21	The alarm system has an effective backup power supply.	Y	Battery Back Up	Y	L	
22	All employees and non-employees know what to do if they discover a fire or hear the alarm.	Y		Y	L	

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STEP 3 - RISK EVALUATION AND CONTROL		Y/N/NA	Existing Records	Adeq? Y or N	Risk H/M/L	Action Required / Risk Details
NO	ITEM					
	<b><u>Means of Escape</u></b>					
<b>23</b>	Instructions for means of escape are:					
<b>23.1</b>	Comprehensive and adequate.	<b>N</b>		<b>N</b>	<b>M</b>	<p><b>A 'Fire Emergency Procedure' should be implemented - it should be displayed and put in the guest book.</b></p> <p><b>A 'Fire Action' sign with full address and what 3 words location should be fitted in the entrance hall.</b></p>
<b>23.2</b>	The subject of thorough training.	<b>Y</b>	Fire Awareness Training	<b>Y</b>	<b>L</b>	
<b>23.3</b>	Regular escape drills.	<b>N/A</b>	Simultaneous Evacuation	<b>Y</b>	<b>L</b>	
<b>24</b>	Escape is quick, safe and unobstructed via:					
<b>24.1</b>	Normal day to day access points.	<b>Y</b>		<b>N</b>	<b>M</b>	<p><b>The keys in locks of external bedroom doors should be removed from site (with locks unlocked).</b></p>
<b>24.2</b>	Special Fire Exits.	<b>N/A</b>		<b>Y</b>	<b>L</b>	
<b>24.3</b>	Escape staircases and gangways are inspected regularly.	<b>Y</b>		<b>N</b>	<b>M</b>	<p><b>The escape routes should be inspected (including opening each bedroom exit) on each change of guests, and recorded in the fire log book.</b></p>
<b>24.4</b>	Electronic lock emergency override green break glasses are tested regularly.	<b>N/A</b>		<b>Y</b>	<b>L</b>	

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<b>NO</b>	<b>ITEM</b>			<b>Y or N</b>	<b>H/M/L</b>	
<b>25</b>	Length of escape route(s) do not exceed the following distances:					
<b>25.1</b>	Where more than one route is provided:  18m-High fire risk area 35m-Normal fire risk area 45m-Low fire risk area	<b>N</b>		<b>Y</b>	<b>L</b>	
<b>25.2</b>	Where only a single route is provided:  9m-High fire risk area 18m-Normal fire risk area 25m-Low fire risk area	<b>N</b>		<b>Y</b>	<b>L</b>	
<b>26</b>	Designated escape routes are:					
<b>26.1</b>	Clearly indicated by suitable signs (pictogram style).	<b>Y</b>		<b>Y</b>	<b>L</b>	
<b>26.2</b>	Are illuminated including emergency back-up lighting.	<b>Y</b>		<b>Y</b>	<b>L</b>	<b>Emergency lighting fitted in corridor and external emergency floodlight.</b>
<b>27</b>	There are enough available exits of adequate width from every room, storey or building.	<b>Y</b>		<b>Y</b>	<b>L</b>	
<b>28</b>	Inner rooms with sole escape through one access room are not of a high fire risk and have measures in place to alert occupants to the fire.	<b>N/A</b>		<b>Y</b>	<b>L</b>	

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<b>NO</b>	<b>ITEM</b>			<b>Y or N</b>	<b>H/M/L</b>	
<b>29</b>	Corridors and stairways are to adequate standards (e.g. dimensions, fire resistant partitions and self-closing doors are kept shut).	<b>Y</b>		<b>Y</b>	<b>L</b>	<b>There are no fire doors - this is considered acceptable as each bedroom has an external exit door.</b>
<b>29.1</b>	Are fire doors and ironmongery inspected regularly.	<b>N/A</b>	No Fire Doors	<b>Y</b>	<b>L</b>	
<b>29.2</b>	Tenants of residential buildings are given information on the importance of fire doors to a building's fire safety upon occupation and annually thereafter.	<b>N/A</b>		<b>Y</b>	<b>L</b>	
<b>29.3</b>	Where it is necessary to protect means of escape and/or contents of the building, suitable passive fire protection is installed and maintained.	<b>N/A</b>		<b>Y</b>	<b>L</b>	
<b>30</b>	Disabled persons (mobility, hearing, vision) can escape unaided or an effective support system exists.	<b>Y</b>		<b>Y</b>	<b>L</b>	
<b>30.1</b>	Personal Emergency Evacuation Plans (PEEP's) are in place where required.	<b>N/A</b>		<b>Y</b>	<b>L</b>	
<b>30.2</b>	A suitable policy for lone workers is in place.	<b>N/A</b>		<b>Y</b>	<b>L</b>	

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<b>NO</b>	<b>ITEM</b>			<b>Y or N</b>	<b>H/M/L</b>	
31	Once people are on a designated escape route all doors open in the flow of travel.	Y		Y	L	
31.1	Any fire exit doors required to be kept locked are fitted with a single form of release device (e.g. push bar).	Y	Thumb Turns	Y	L	
	<b><u>Means of Fighting Fire</u></b>					
32	Suitable and adequate portable fire extinguishers are provided and maintained throughout the premises. Where required blankets and hose reels are also provided.	N		N	L	<b>Recommend a multi purpose fire extinguisher (not dry powder) is fitted in the kitchen - it should be wall mounted with identification (once fitted the fire extinguisher should be serviced annually, with records being kept).</b>
33	Where it is necessary to protect means of escape and/or contents of the building, suitable fixed fire fighting systems are installed.	N/A		Y	L	
34	Fire fighting equipment is stored on unobstructed wall brackets or floor stands sited close to but not obstructing exit routes.	Y	Fire Blanket	Y	L	
35	Personnel designated to fight fires have been instructed, trained and are given follow-up training.	N/A		Y	L	<b>Personnel are not designated to fight fires.</b>

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STEP 3 - RISK EVALUATION AND CONTROL		Y/N/NA	Existing Records	Adeq? Y or N	Risk H/M/L	Action Required / Risk Details
NO	ITEM					
	<b><u>Maintenance and Testing</u></b>					
36	All emergency lighting, fire fighting equipment, detection and warning systems are checked regularly by a competent person and maintained in good working order.	N		N	M	<b>Emergency lighting should be tested on each change of guests and serviced at least annually (3 hour discharge test), with records being kept. The fire blanket and fire extinguisher should be visually inspected on each change of guests, with records being kept.</b>
37	General and technical fire check lists (see H & S manual) are completed regularly. Together with normal line management this ensures that fire fighting equipment and systems are always operating correctly.	N		N	L	<b>A 'Fire Log Book' is needed to record all servicing, testing etc (supplied).</b>
	<b><u>Other</u></b>					
38	A suitable fire safety and risk management policy is in place.	Y	Office	Y	L	
39	A suitable number of employees are sufficiently first aid trained.	N/A		Y	L	
40	A suitable contingency plan is in place for when re-entry to the building is not possible (where required).	N/A		Y	L	
40.1	Suitable emergency premises information is available for the fire service when the building is unoccupied.	N/A		Y	L	
41	External wall systems are present that may require a fire risk appraisal of external walls of residential buildings.	N/A		Y	L	

# FIRE EMERGENCY PROCEDURE

To Be Completed (To Be Displayed & Put In Guest Book)

Name of Company .....	
Address of premises .....	
Date Produced and/or Amended .....	
Name of Person producing (print name)	
..... Signature .....	
<b>1</b>	Action to be taken by person discovering a fire:
<b>2</b>	How the Fire Brigade (and any other Emergency Services) are to be called and who is responsible:
<b>3</b>	Fire Warning system (description of bell/sirens/voice etc. Also types of signals and location of system panels )
<b>4</b>	Evacuation procedures (description of procedures to be followed):
<b>5</b>	Key escape routes (how access can be gained, where they lead to, how they are protected from fire):

# FIRE EMERGENCY PROCEDURE

<b>6</b>	Assembly points:
<b>7</b>	A suitable contingency plan is in place for when re-entry to the building is not possible (where required):
<b>8</b>	Duties and identities of employees with specific responsibilities:
<b>9</b>	Arrangements for safe evacuation of persons identified as being at risk from Fire:
<b>10</b>	Fire fighting equipment provided (location and details):
<b>11</b>	Specify arrangements for high risk areas:
<b>12</b>	Procedures for liaison with Fire Brigade on arrival (who, where, what etc):
<b>13</b>	Training needed by employees and arrangements for giving such training:

## FIRE SAFETY TRAINING OF EMPLOYEES

See Existing Records - Fire Awareness Training

	YES/NO	ACTION REQUIRED
<p><b>1</b> Training is carried out and recorded:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><b>1.1</b> On induction</li><li><b>1.2</b> refresher</li><li><b>1.3</b> when the system changes</li></ul>		
<p><b>2</b> Training includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><b>2.1</b> Action to take on discovering a fire</li><li><b>2.2</b> How to raise the alarm and what happens next</li><li><b>2.3</b> Action to take upon hearing the fire alarm</li><li><b>2.4</b> Procedures for alerting members of the public, contractors, and visitors, including, where appropriate, directing them to exits.</li><li><b>2.5</b> Arrangements for calling the fire brigade</li><li><b>2.6</b> Evacuation procedures for everyone in the building</li><li><b>2.7</b> Location and, when appropriate, the use of fire fighting equipment</li><li><b>2.8</b> Location of the escape routes, especially those not in regular use.</li><li><b>2.9</b> How to open all escape doors, including the use of any emergency fastenings.</li><li><b>2.10</b> Importance of keeping fire doors closed to prevent spread of fire, heat and smoke</li><li><b>2.11</b> Where appropriate, how to stop machines and processes and isolate power supplies in the event of fire</li><li><b>2.12</b> Reasons for not using lifts (except those specifically installed for evacuation of disabled people)</li><li><b>2.13</b> Importance of general fire safety and good housekeeping</li></ul>		
<p><b>3</b> Practical fire drill evacuations are carried out at least 6 months and recorded using different sources for the alleged fires.</p>		
<p><b>4</b> Those working in high risk areas receive specific training.</p>		

**SUMMARY ACTION PLAN**

<b>Comp No.</b>	<b>Brief Comments and Action Needed to Eliminate or Control</b>	<b>By Whom</b>	<b>Target Date</b>	<b>Date Comp</b>
3.10	Recommend surge protection is fitted to the electrical system.	Management		
3.20.1	The fire alarms should be tested on each change of guests, with records being kept.	Management	Upon Occupation	
3.23.1	A 'Fire Emergency Procedure' should be implemented - it should be displayed and put in the guest book.	Management	Before Occupation	
	A 'Fire Action' sign with full address and what 3 words location should be fitted in the entrance hall.	Management	Before Occupation	
3.24.1	The keys in locks of external bedroom doors should be removed from site (with locks unlocked).	Management	Before Occupation	
3.24.3	The escape routes should be inspected (including opening each bedroom exit) on each change of guests, and recorded in the fire log book.	Management	Upon Occupation	
3.32	Recommend a multi purpose fire extinguisher (not dry powder) is fitted in the kitchen - it should be wall mounted with identification (once fitted the fire extinguisher should be serviced annually, with records being kept).	Management	Before Occupation	
3.36	Emergency lighting should be tested on each change of guests and serviced at least annually (3 hour discharge test), with records being kept.	Management	Upon Occupation	
	The fire blanket and fire extinguisher should be visually inspected on each change of guests, with records being kept.	Management	Upon Occupation	
3.37	A 'Fire Log Book' is needed to record all servicing, testing etc (supplied).	Management	Before Occupation	

**STEP 5 PLANNED REVIEW**

A review assessment should be carried out in 12 months time, unless specific changes occur in the meantime.

# Risk Matrix

Consequences of Fire →	Slight Harm	Moderate Harm	Extreme Harm
Likelihood of Fire ↓			
<b>Low</b>	Trivial Risk	Tolerable Risk	Moderate Risk
<b>Medium</b>	Tolerable Risk	Moderate Risk	Substantial Risk
<b>High</b>	Moderate Risk	Substantial Risk	Intolerable Risk

Taking into account the fire prevention measures observed at the time of this fire risk assessment, it is considered that the hazard from fire (likelihood of fire) at these premises is:

**Medium**

In this context, a definition of the above terms is as follows:

<b>Low</b>	Unusually low likelihood of fire as a result of negligible potential sources of ignition.
<b>Medium</b>	Normal fire hazards (e.g. potential ignition sources) for this type of occupancy, with hazards generally subject to appropriate controls (other than minor shortcomings).
<b>High</b>	Lack of adequate controls applied to one or more significant fire hazards, such as to result in significant increase in likelihood of fire.

Taking into account the nature of the premises and the occupants, as well as the fire protection and procedural arrangements observed at the time of this fire risk assessment, it is considered that the consequences for life safety in the event of fire would be:

**Slight Harm**

In this context, a definition of the above terms is as follows:

<b>Slight harm</b>	Outbreak of fire unlikely to result in serious injury or death of any occupant (other than an occupant in a room in which a fire occurs).
<b>Moderate harm</b>	Outbreak of fire could foreseeably result in injury (including serious injury) of one or more occupants, but is unlikely to result in multiple fatalities.
<b>Extreme harm</b>	Significant potential for serious injury or death of one or more occupants.

Accordingly, it is considered that the risk to life from fire at these premises is:

**Tolerable Risk**